

# **BUH1015HI**

# HIGH VOLTAGE FAST-SWITCHING NPN POWER TRANSISTOR

- STMicroelectronics PREFERRED SALESTYPE
- HIGH VOLTAGE CAPABILITY (> 1500 V)
- VERY HIGH SWITCHING SPEED
- FULLY INSULATED PACKAGE (U.L. COMPLIANT) FOR EASY MOUNTING

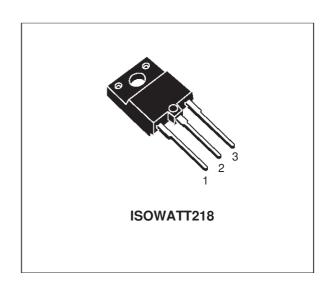
### **APPLICATIONS:**

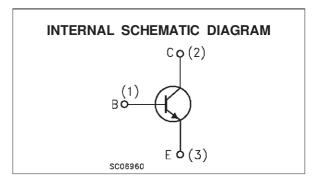
 HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION FOR HIGH-END COLOUR TV AND 19" MONITORS

### **DESCRIPTION**

The BUH1015HI is manufactured using Multiepitaxial Mesa technology for cost-effective high performance and uses a Hollow Emitter structure to enhance switching speeds.

The BUH series is designed for use in horizontal deflection circuits in televisions and monitors.





### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-Base Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	1500	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage (I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	700	V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	10	V
Ic	Collector Current	14	Α
I <sub>CM</sub>	Collector Peak Current (t <sub>p</sub> < 5 ms)	18	Α
Ι <sub>Β</sub>	Base Current	8	Α
$I_{BM}$	Base Peak Current (t <sub>p</sub> < 5 ms)	11	Α
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Dissipation at T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	70	W
V <sub>isol</sub>	Insulation Withstand Voltage (RMS) from All Three Leads to Exernal Heatsink	2500	V
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
Tj	Max. Operating Junction Temperature	150	°C

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### **BUH1015HI**

### THERMAL DATA

R <sub>thj-case</sub> Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	1.8	°C/W
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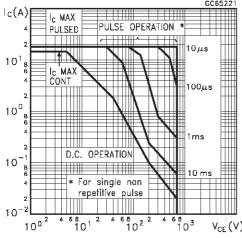
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>case</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current (V <sub>BE</sub> = 0)	$V_{CE} = 1500 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 1500 \text{ V}$ $T_j = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.2 2	mA mA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter Cut-off Current (I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>EB</sub> = 5 V			100	μΑ
V <sub>CEO(sus)*</sub>	Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA	700			V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	I <sub>E</sub> = 10 mA	10			V
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> *	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 A I <sub>B</sub> = 2 A			1.5	V
V <sub>BE(sat)*</sub>	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 A I <sub>B</sub> = 2 A			1.5	V
h <sub>FE</sub> *	DC Current Gain	$I_{C} = 10 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_{C} = 10 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_{j} = 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	7 5	10	14	
ts tf	RESISTIVE LOAD Storage Time Fall Time	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}$ $I_{C} = 10 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 2 \text{ A}$ $I_{B2} = -6 \text{ A}$		1.5 110		μs ns
ts t <sub>f</sub>	INDUCTIVE LOAD Storage Time Fall Time	$I_{C} = 10 \text{ A}$ $f = 31250 \text{ Hz}$ $I_{B1} = 2 \text{ A}$ $I_{B2} = -6 \text{ A}$ $V_{ceflyback} = 1200 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5} \cdot 10^{6}\right) t$ $V$		4 220		μs ns
t <sub>s</sub>	INDUCTIVE LOAD Storage Time Fall Time	$\begin{aligned} &I_{C}=6 \text{ A} & f=64 \text{ KHz} \\ &I_{B1}=1 \text{ A} \\ &V_{beoff}=-2 \text{ V} \\ &V_{ceflyback}=1100 \text{ sin}\bigg(\frac{\pi}{5} \cdot 10^6\bigg) t \text{ V} \end{aligned}$		3.7 200		μs ns

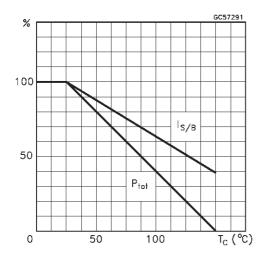
<sup>\*</sup> Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300 μs, duty cycle 1.5 %

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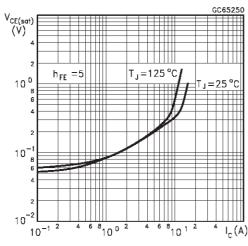
### Safe Operating Area



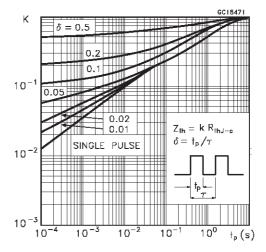
# Derating Curve



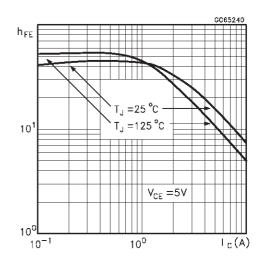
### Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage



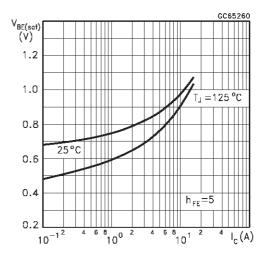
### Thermal Impedance



### DC Current Gain

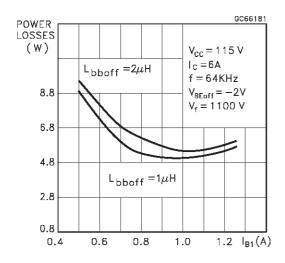


Base Emitter Saturation Voltage

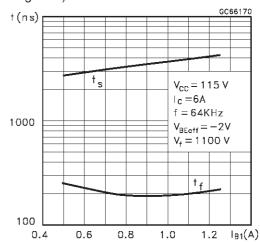


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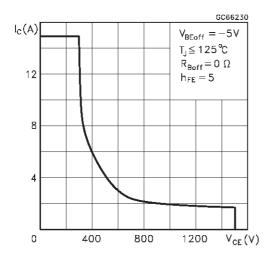
### Power Losses at 64 KHz



# Switching Time Inductive Load at 64KHz (see figure 2)



### Reverse Biased SOA



## BASE DRIVE INFORMATION

In order to saturate the power switch and reduce conduction losses, adequate direct base current  $l_{B1}$  has to be provided for the lowest gain  $h_{FE}$  at  $T_j = 100$  °C (line scan phase). On the other hand, negative base current  $l_{B2}$  must be provided the transistor to turn off (retrace phase). Most of the dissipation, especially in the deflection application, occurs at switch-off so it is essential to determine the value of  $l_{B2}$  which minimizes power losses, fall time  $t_f$  and, consequently,  $T_j$ . A new set of curves have been defined to give total power losses,  $t_s$  and  $t_f$  as a function of  $l_{B1}$  at 64 KHz scanning frequencies for choosing the

optimum drive. The test circuit is illustrated in figure 1.

The values of L and C are calculated from the following equations:

$$\frac{1}{2}L(I_C)^2 = \frac{1}{2}C(V_{CEfly})^2$$
$$\omega = 2\pi f = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

Where  $I_{C}$ = operating collector current,  $V_{CEfly}$ = flyback voltage, f= frequency of oscillation during retrace.

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Figure 1: Inductive Load Switching Test Circuit.

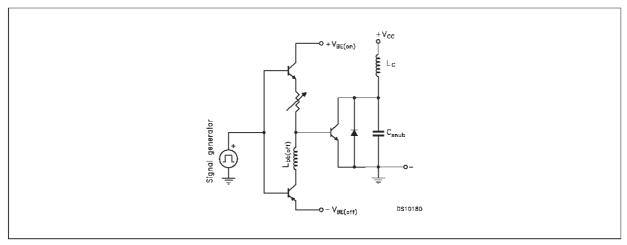
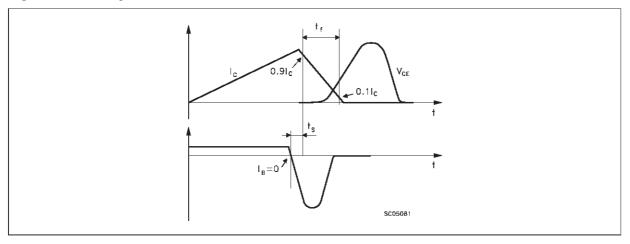
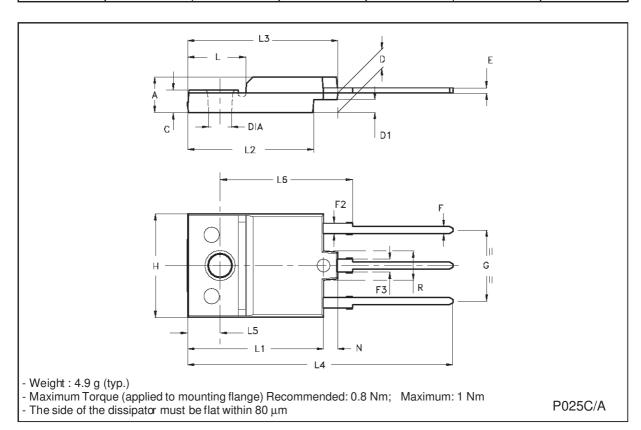


Figure 2: Switching Waveforms in a Deflection Circuit



### **ISOWATT218 MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm		inch			
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α	5.35		5.65	0.211		0.222
С	3.30		3.80	0.130		0.150
D	2.90		3.10	0.114		0.122
D1	1.88		2.08	0.074		0.082
E	0.75		0.95	0.030		0.037
F	1.05		1.25	0.041		0.049
F2	1.50		1.70	0.059		0.067
F3	1.90		2.10	0.075		0.083
G	10.80		11.20	0.425		0.441
Н	15.80		16.20	0.622		0.638
L		9			0.354	
L1	20.80		21.20	0.819		0.835
L2	19.10		19.90	0.752		0.783
L3	22.80		23.60	0.898		0.929
L4	40.50		42.50	1.594		1.673
L5	4.85		5.25	0.191		0.207
L6	20.25		20.75	0.797		0.817
N	2.1		2.3	0.083		0.091
R		4.6			0.181	
DIA	3.5		3.7	0.138		0.146



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